

ALOK FERRO ALLOYS LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2022-23

OPSinghania & Co.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
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CHOUBE COLONY, RAIPUR -492001(C.G.) INDIA
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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Alok Ferro Alloys Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of ALOK FERRO ALLOYS LIMITED (the "Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023 and its profit, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA"s) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial state has loes not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, a first misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, a first mission of the control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i)
 of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company
 has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of
 such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

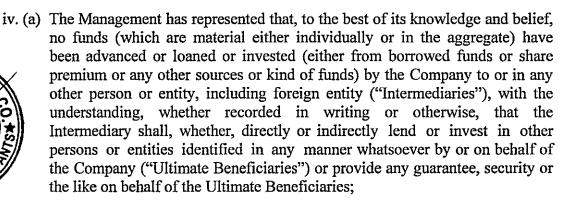
From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in Paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

ICAI LR No. 002172 C

- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
 - In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
 - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.





- (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- i) No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.

RAIPUR/492001

j) As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable for the Company only w.e.f. April 1, 2023, reporting under this clause is not applicable.

For OPSinghania & Co.

(ICAI Firm Regn. No.002172C)

Chartered Accountants

Sanjay Singhania

Partner

Membership No.076961

Raipur, 8th May, 2023

UDIN: 23076961BGWSIT6097

ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Alok Ferro Alloys Limited of even date)

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

- i. In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:
 - (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - (b) The Company has a program of physical verification of Property, Plant and Equipment to cover all the assets once every three years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, certain Property, Plant and Equipment were due for verification during the year and were physically verified by the Management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) Based on our examination of the property tax receipts and lease agreement for land on which building is constructed, registered sale deed / transfer deed / conveyance deed provided to us, we report that, the title in respect of self-constructed buildings and title deeds of all other immovable properties, disclosed in the financial statements included under Property, Plant and Equipment are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets during the year.
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2023 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
 - ii. (a) As explained to us, the physical verification of inventories has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of the verification is reasonable. The discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records were not more than 10% or more in the aggregate of each class of inventory and have been properly dealt with in the books of account.
 - (b) Based on the audit procedure and on an overall examination of financial statements, we are of the opinion that the stock statements and quarterly results filed by the company, in respect of working capital loan availed from banks, are in agreement with the books of account of the company.

iii. The Company has made investments in, companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships, and granted unsecured to other parties, during the year, in respect of which:

- (a) The Company has not provided any loans or advances in the nature of loans and provided security to subsidiary, associates or joint ventures or any other entity during the year, and hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(a) (A) & (B) of the Order is not applicable
- (b) In our opinion, the investments made during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) As the company has not granted any loans during the year or outstanding at the beginning of the year, therefore reporting under clause 3(iii)(c) to (f) of the Order is not applicable.
- iv. The Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans granted, investments made and guarantees and securities provided, as applicable.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- vi. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of Company's products to which the said rules are made applicable and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records, have been made and maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the records.
- vii. In respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) In our opinion, the Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.
 - There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Services tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) Details of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2023 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of the	Nature of Dues	Amount	Forum where
Statute		Rs.	dispute is pending
Central Excise Act, 1944	Demand raised of Cenvat credit availed on Inputs/Capital Goods for the period from Jan 2008 to Nov 2008	5.66*	Addl. Commissioner, Central Excise & Service Tax, Raipur (C.G.)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Demand for the Assessment Year 2010-11	1.56	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeal), Raipur
Income Tax Act, 1961	Demand for the Assessment Year 2015- 16	1.21	Rectification Application filed with Assessing officer.
Chhatisgarh Upkar Adhiniyam 1981 * Net of deposit	Energy Development Cess	958.71	Supreme Court

viii. There were no transactions relating to surrendered or disclosed as income du Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).

d income that have been a assessments under the

- ix. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any term loan during the year, therefore, the reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short- term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
 - (f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies and hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- xi. (a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - (c) In our opinion and based on our examination, the company is not required to have vigil mechanism (whistle blower) as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xi) (c) of the Order is not applicable.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards.
- xiv. In our opinion and based on our examination, the company is not required to have internal audit system as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xiv) (a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable.

xv. In our opinion during the year partial transactions with its directors of persons connected with its directors, and hence provisions of section 192 of Cuff hames CACH 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

- xvi. (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and also in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
 - xx. There are no unspent amounts towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) in accordance with Section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

For OPSinghania & Co.

(ICAI Firm Regn. No.002172C) Chartered Accountants

Sanjay Singhania

Partner

Membership No.076961

Raipur, 8th May, 2023

UDIN: 23076961BGWSIT6097

Annexure - B to the Independent Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Alok Ferro Alloys Limited (the "Company") as of 31 March 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and the receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisation and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding reasonable assurance regarding reasonable assurance regarding re

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Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For OPSinghania & Co.

(ICAI Firm Regn. No.002172C)

Chartered Accountants

Sanjay Singhania

Partner

Membership No.076961

Raipur, 8th May, 2023

UDIN: 23076961B6WSIT6097

ALOK FERRO ALLOYS LIMITED Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2023

Particulars	Notes	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	01.04.2021
ASSETS		₹	₹	₹
Non-current assets				
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	4	3,497.67	1,852.45	1,858.87
(b) Capital work-in-progress	5	-	65.72	27.22
(c) Other intangible assets	6	2.09	3.19	4.30
(d) Financial assets				
- Investments	7	9,825.94	10,016.14	5,777.84
- Other financial assets	8	274.54	76.87	146,48
(e) Non-current tax assets		21.68	18.93	1.60
(f) Other non-current assets	9	-	140.00	18.59
· ·		13,621.92	12,173.30	7,834.90
Current assets				
(a) Inventories	10	3,681.21	4,479.70	3,505.34
(b) Financial assets				
(i) Trade Receivables	11	266.48	142.36	576.81
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	12	303.36	911.75	7.44
(iii) Bank balances other than Cash and cash				
equivalents mentioned above		231.94	655.32	125.80
(iv) Loan	13	-	-	595.06
(v) Other Financial Assets	8	2,86	21.33	7.38
(c) Current tax assets		75.65	-	-
(d) Other current assets	9	1,285.79	1,412.88	979.10
		5,847.30	7,623.34	5,796.92
TOTAL		19,469.22	19,796.64	13,631.82
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			-	
Equity				
(a) Equity share capital	14	478.61	478.61	478.61
(b) Other equity		15,425.17	15,464.65	8,329.05
.,		15,903.78	15,943.26	8,807.66
Liabilities			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Non-current liabilities				
(a) Financial Liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	15	22.07	31.50	.73.55
(b) Provisions	16	42.05	34.46	34.11
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	17	1,286.65	1,182.74	403.31
		1,350.77	1,248.70	510.97
Current liabilities				
(a) Financial Liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	18	1,031.79	286.39	1,080.05
(ii) Trade Payables	19			
-Outstanding dues to micro and small enterprises		3,88	3.88	3.88
-Outstanding dues to creditors other than micro				
and small enterprises		586.13	1,635.47	2,220.03
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	20	63.87	64.22	75.91
(b) Other current liabilities	21	522.14	608.83	913.79
(c) Provisions	16	6.86	5.89	2.07
(d) Current tax liabilities (Net)		_	-	17.46
• • •		2,214.67	2,604.68	4,313.19
TOTAL		19,469.22	19,796.64	13,631.82
Summary of significant accounting policies	2.1			

The accompanying notes are integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For OPSinghania & Co

(ICAI Firm Reg. No.002172C)

Chartered Accountants

SANJAY SINGHANIA Partner

Membership No.076961

Place: Raipur Date: 08.05.2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Alok Ferro Alloys Limited

(VINAY AGRAWAL)
Director
DIN: 02618948

(AJAY DUBEY)
Director

DIN: 01073809

ALOK FERRO ALLOYS LIMITED

Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended	Notes	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹
INCOME		•	<u> </u>
Revenue from operations	22	6,911.68	13,465.31
Other Income	23	385,29	438.50
TOTAL REVENUE (I)		7,296.97	13,903.81
EXPENDITURE			
Cost of raw material and component consumed	24	3,639.36	8,298.82
Purchase of Traded Goods Trading Purchase		494.90	85.05
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories of finished goods	25	1,108.15	(113.39)
Employees benefits expenses	26	420.93	391.83
Finance costs	27	97.09	83.45
Depreciation and amortization	28	137.20	120.75
Other Expenses	29	1,278.44	1,798.49
TOTAL EXPENDITUR	RE (!!)	7,176.07	10,665.00
Profit/(ioss) before tax		120.90	3,238.81
Tax expenses			·
Current tax		4.56	781.11
Deferred Tax		33.95	80.19
Total tax expenses		38.51	861.30
Profit/(loss) for the year		82.39	2,377.51
Other Comprehensive Income			
A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurements gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	5	1.21	2.26
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	profit or loss	(0.30)	(0.57)
Fair value of financial assets		(53.12)	5,506.20
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to	profit or loss	(69.65)	(749.80)
Total Other Comprehensive Income, net of tax	•	(121.86)	4,758.09
Total Comprehensive Income for the period Comprising and Other Comprehensive Income for the period)	g Profit/(Loss)	(39.47)	7,135.60
Earnings per equity share [nominal value of share @ ₹ (31st March,2022" ₹ 10)]	10/ 30		
Basic		1.72	49.68
Diluted		1.72	49.68
Summary of significant accounting policies	2.1		

The accompanying notes are integral part of the financial statements.

ICAI FR No. 002172 (RAIPUR_492001

As per our report of even date

For OPSinghania & Co

(ICAI Firm Reg. No.002172C)

Chartered Accountants

SANJAY SINGHANIA

Partner

Membership No.076961

Place: Raipur Date: 08.05.2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Alok Ferro Alloys Limited

(VINAY AGRAWAL)
Director

DIN: 02618948

(AJAY DUBEY)

Director DIN: 01073809

Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Charlement of Cash Flow for the year chard of St March, 2020	2023	2022
	₹	₹
Cash Flow from operating activities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Profit/(loss) before tax from continuing operations	120.90	3,238.81
Non-cash adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows		
Depreciation/amortization on continuing operation	137.20	120.75
(Profit)/Loss on Sale of property, plant & equipment	35.41	-
(Profit)/Loss on Sale of short term Investment	(32.39)	-
Provision for gratuity	7.39	7.99
Interest Expenses	97.09	83.45
Interest Income	(43.03)	(43.88)
Dividend Income	(179.62)	(180.32)
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES	142.95	3,226.81
Movements in working capital :		
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	(1,049.33)	(584.57)
Increase/(decrease) in other financial liabilities	(0.34)	(11.69)
Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	(86.69)	(304.96)
Increase/(decrease) in loans	•	595.06
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables	(124.12)	434.44
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	798.49	(991.77)
Decrease/(increase) in other financial assets	32.92	(21.35)
Decrease/(increase) in other current assets	127.08	(433.78)
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	(159.04)	1,908.20
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	(80.57)	(851.19)
Net Cash flow from/(used in) operating activities A	(239.61)	1,057.01
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant & equipment including capital work in progress	(1,760.98)	(273.13)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	149.96	_
Purchase of long-term Investments	(534.99)	(463.55)
Proceeds from Sale of long term Investments	704.46	1,731.46
Investment in fixed deposits with maturity for more than 3 to 12 months	211.25	(273.31)
Interest received	43.03	43.88
Dividends received	179.62	180.32
Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities	(1,007.65)	945,66
Cash flows from financing activities	(0.5.50)	(10.00)
Proceeds / (Repayment) from long-term borrowings	(35.79)	(42.05)
Proceeds / (Repayment) from short-term borrowings	771.75	(972.86)
Interest paid	(97.09)	(83.45)
Net cash flow from/(used in) financing activities C	638.87	(1,098.36)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C)	(608.39)	904.31
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	[′] 911.75	7.44
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	303.36	911.75



Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Notes to the cash flow statement

1. Components of cash and cash equivalents

	303.36	911.75
on OD account	298.88	649.25
With banks- on current account	1.82	259.59
Cash in hand	2.66	2.91

2. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS - 7) - Statement of Cash Flow.

3. Reconciliation between opening & closing balances in the Balance Sheet for liabilities arising from financial activities

due to cash flows and non-cash flow changes.

Particulars	As at 01.04.2022	Cash	flow	Non Cash	As at 31.03.2023
	Ī	Proceeds	Repayments	Classification	
Long-Term Borrowings	81.67	-	35.79	(23.81)	22.07
Short-Term Borrowings	236.22	771.75	-	23.81	1,031.79
Total	317.90	771.75	35.79		1,053.86

4. Figures in the bracket represents cash outflow.

As per our report of even date

For **OPSinghania & Co** (ICAI Firm Reg. No.002172C)

Chartered_Accountants

SANJAY SINGHANIA

Partner

Membership No.076961

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Alok Ferro Alloys Limited

(VINAY/AGRAWAL)

Director DIN: 02618948) (AJAY DUBEY)

Director DIN: 01073809

Place: Raipur Date: 08.05.2023



ALOK FERRO ALLOYS LIMITED Statement of changes in Equity

Equity Share Capital					
Particulars	Balance as at	Changes in	Restated	Changes in the	Balance as at
	01.04.2021	Equity Share	balance at the	equity share	31.03.2022
		Capital due to	beginning of	capital during	
		prior period	the respective	the year	
		errors	reporting		
Equity Share Capital	478.61	-	478.61	-	478.61

Particulars	Balance as at	Changes in	Restated	Changes in the	Balance as at
	01.04.2022	Equity Share	balance at the	equity share	31.03.2023
		Capital due to	beginning of	capital during	
		prior period	the respective	the year	
		errors	reporting		
Equity Share Capital	478.61	•	478.61		478.61

Other Equity

Particulars			(Amount in ₹)	
	Reserves at	nd Surplus	Other Comprehensive Income	
	Securities Premium*	Retained Earnings**	Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income (Net of Tax)***	Total Other Equity
Balance as of April 1, 2021	1,828.41	3,067.99	3,432.65	8,329.05
Acturial Gain/Loss on employee benefit (Net of Tax)	-	1.69	-	1.69
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income (Net of Tax)	-	*	4,756.40	4,756.40
Profit/(loss) for the period	-	-	2,377.51	2,377.51
Balance as on March 31, 2022	1,828.41	3,069.68	10,566.56	15,464.65

Particulars				
	Reserves a	nd Surplus	Other Comprehensive	
	Securities Premium	Retained Earnings	Income Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income (Net of	Total Other Equity
Balance as of April 1, 2022	1,828.41	3,069.68	10,566.56	15,464.65
Acturial Gain/Loss on employee benefit (Net of Tax)	-	0.90	-	0.90
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income (Net of	-	-	(122.77)	(122.77)
Profit/(loss) for the period	-	82.39	- [82.39
Balance as on March 31, 2023	1,828.41	3,152.97	10,443.79	15,425.17

Note:

- * Securities Premium is used to record the premium received on issue of shares. It is to be utilised in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013.
- ** Retained earnings are the profits and gains that the Company has earned till date less any transfer to General Reserve, dividends or other distributions made to shareholders.
- *** The cumulative gains and losses arising from fair value changes of equity investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised in fair value of financial assets. The balance of the reserve represents such changes recognised net of amounts reclassified to retained earnings on disposal of such investments.

The accompanying notes are integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date.

For OP Singhania & Co

Chartered Accountants (ICAI Firm Regn. Np:002172C)

SANJAY SINGHANIA

Partner

Membership No.: 076961

Place: Raipur Date: 08.05,2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Alok Ferro Alloys Limited

INAY AGRAWAL)

Qirector DIN: 02618948 (AJAY DUBEY)
Director

DIN: 01073809

Notes to Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2023

1. Corporate Information

Alok Ferro Alloys Limited (the company) is a public company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act,1956. The company is mainly engaged in manufacturing of Ferro Alloys Products and captive power generation.

The addresses of its registered office and principal place of business are disclosed in the introduction to the annual report.

The financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 8th May 2023.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules,2015. For all periods upto and including the year ended 31st March 2021, the company prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified as Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 and considered as "Previous GAAP".

These financial statements for the year ended 31st March,2023 are the Company's first Ind AS standalone financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value:

- Defined benefit plans plan assets
- Certain financial assets and liabilities

Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is also its functional currency.

The Company has prepared the financial statements on the basis that it will continue to operate as a going concern.

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies

a) Current-non-current classification

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of manufacturing activity and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle for the purpose of current – non current classification of assets and liabilities as 12 months for its products.

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- (d) it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- (d) the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Current liabilities include current portion of non-current financial liabilities.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

b) Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Normally at initial recognition, the transaction price is the best evidence of fair value.

However, when the Company determines that transaction or the does not represent techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and remaining the use of remaining the use of relevant observable inputs and remaining the use of the u

The does not represent the fair value, it uses inter-alia valuation if of which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, sing the use of upobservable inputs.

Notes to Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2023

All financial assets and financial liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy. This categorisation is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

Financial assets and financial liabilities that are recognised at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation at the end of each reporting period.

c) Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property, plant and equipment recognised as at April 1, 2021, measured as per the previous GAAP, and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of such property, plant and equipment.

An item of PPE is recognized as an asset if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is measured at :

- its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates.
- any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.
- the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation which is to be incurred either when the item is acquired or as a consequence of having used the item during a particular period for purposes other than to produce inventories during that period.
- Expenditure incurred on renovation and modernization of PPE on completion of the originally estimated useful life resulting in increased life and/or efficiency of an existing asset, is added to the cost of the related asset. In the carrying amount of an item of PPE, the cost of replacing the part of such an item is recognized when that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met. The carrying amount of those parts that are replaced is derecognized in accordance with the derecognition principles.
- After initial recognition, PPE is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation/amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.
- Spare parts procured along with the Plant & Machinery or subsequently which meet the recognition criteria are capitalized and added in the carrying amount of such item. The carrying amount of those spare parts that are replaced is derecognized when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or upon disposal. Other machinery spares are treated as "stores & spares" forming part of the inventory.
- If the cost of the replaced part or earlier inspection is not available, the estimated cost of similar new parts/ inspection is used as an indication of what the cost of the existing part/ inspection component was when the item was acquired or inspection carried out.
- An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognized.

d) Capital work in progress

Expenditure incurred on assets under construction (including a project) is carried at cost under Capital Work in Progress. Such costs comprises purchase price of asset including import duties and non-refundable taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates and costs that are directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Cost directly attributable to projects under construction include costs of employee benefits, expenditure in relation to survey and investigation activities of the projects, cost of site preparation, initial delivery and handling charges, installation and assembly costs, professional fees, expenditure on maintenance and up-gradation etc. of common public facilities, depreciation on assets used in construction of project, interest during construction and other costs if attributable to construction of projects. Such costs are accumulated under "Capital works in progress" and subsequently allocated on systematic basis over major assets, other than land and infrastructure facilities, on commissioning of projects.

Capital Expenditure incurred for creation of facilities, over which is essential principally for construction of the project subsequently allocated on systematic basis over recommissioning of projects, keeping in view the "attributant Plant & Equipment". Expenditure of such nature incurred and Loss.

capitalized and carried under "Capital work in progress" and assets not progress and and infrastructure facilities, on a fight in the capital work in progress, and infrastructure facilities, on a fight is a unit of the project, is charged to Statement of Profit

Notes to Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2023

e) Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease, transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the leasee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Leased assets

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets of the Company at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalized. Contingent rentals are recognised as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

A leased asset is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term except where another systematic basis is more representative of time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

f) Revenue recognition

A. Sale of Goods

The Company recognises revenue when control over the promised goods or services is transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements as it typically controls the goods or services before transferring them to the customer.

Revenue is adjusted for variable consideration such as discounts, rebates, refunds, credits, price concessions, incentives, or other similar items in a contract when they are highly probable to be provided. The amount of revenue excludes any amount collected on behalf of third parties.

The Company recognises revenue generally at the point in time when the products are delivered to customer or when it is delivered to a carrier for export sale, which is when the control over product is transferred to the customer.

Revenue from sale of by products are included in revenue.

Contract Balances

Contract Assets:

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Company performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration.

Trade Receivables:

A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered and to the extent that it has an unconditional contractual right to receive cash or other financial assets (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Contract Liabilities:

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract including Advance received from Customer.

Refund Liabilities:

A refund liability is the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from the customer and is measured at the amount the Company ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer including volume rebates and discounts. The Company updates its estimates of refund liabilities at the end of each reporting period.

B. Exports Benefits:

Benefits arises on exports of goods like export incentives are recognized on accrual basis when exports sales are recognized.

Notes to Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2023

C. Interest Income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

D. Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the company's right to receive payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

g) Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment

Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment is provided on Straight Line Method based on estimated useful life of the assets which is same as envisaged in schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Depreciation on additions to /deductions from Property, Plant & Equipment during the year is charged on pro-rata basis from / up to the date on which the asset is available for use / disposal.

The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation of property, plant and equipment is reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Where the life and / or efficiency of an asset is increased due to renovation and modernization, the expenditure thereon along with its unamortized depreciable amount is charged prospectively over the revised / remaining useful life determined by technical assessment.

Spares parts procured along with the Plant & Machinery or subsequently which are capitalized and added in the carrying amount of such item are depreciated over the residual useful life of the related plant and machinery or their useful life whichever is lower.

h) Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value, after providing for obsolences, if any.

Cost of Raw Materials and stores & spares are computed on FIFO basis and cost of Finished Goods & Goods in Process are computed on Weighted average basis.

Cost of Finished Goods and Goods in Process includes direct materials, labour, conversion and proportion of manufacturing overheads incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Proceeds in respect of sales/disposal of raw materials is credited to the raw material purchases.

The by-products are valued at net realizable value.

i) Borrowing Cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

j) Income Taxes

Income tax expense represents the sum of current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income. In which case the tax is also recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred icas liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

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Notes to Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2023

k) Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions in foreign currency are initially recorded at exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. At each Balance Sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currency are translated at the exchange rates prevailing on that date.

Exchange differences arising on translation or settlement of monetary items are recognised as income or expenses in the period in which they arise in the Statement of Profit and loss.

i) Employee Benefits Expense

Short Term Employee Benefits

The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

Post-Employment Benefits

Defined Contribution Plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Company pays specified contributions to a separate entity. The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards Provident Fund and Contributory Pension Fund. The Company's contribution is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Defined Benefits Plans

The cost of the defined benefit plan and other post-employment benefits and the present value of such obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

The company has recognized the gratuity payable to the employees as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The liability in respect of these benefits is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the period during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employees' services.

Re-measurement of defined benefit plans in respect of post-employment are charged to the Other Comprehensive Income.

m) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Such provisions are determined based on management estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a asset only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed on the basis of judgment of management. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.

Contingent assets are not recognized but are disclosed in the financial statements when inflow of economic benefits is probable.

n) Impairment of non-financial assets - property, plant and equipment

The Company assesses at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that any property, plant and equipment or group of assets, called cash generating units (CGU) may be impaired. If any such indication exists the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets. SHANANA

> R No. 002172 C UR-492001

The impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period recoverable amount.

has been a change in the estimate of

Notes to Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2023

o) Share capital and share premium

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Par value of the equity share is recorded as share capital and the amount received in excess of the par value is classified as share premium.

p) Financial Instruments

Financial Assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting.

Subsequent measurement

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company uses 'Expected Credit Loss' (ECL) model, for evaluating impairment of financial assets other than those measured at fair value through OCI.

Expected credit losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

- The 12-months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
- Full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument).

For trade receivables Company applies 'simplified approach' which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. The Company uses historical default rates to determine impairment loss on the portfolio of trade receivables. At every reporting date these historical default rates are reviewed and changes in the forward looking estimates are analysed.

Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognized at fair value and in case of loans, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost.

Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

Derecognition of financial instruments

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized from the Company's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Notes to Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2023

q) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for events of bonus issue; bonus element in a right issue to existing shareholders.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

r) Dividend Distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders.

s) Statement of Cash Flows

Cash and Cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. However for Balance Sheet presentation, Bank overdrafts are classified within borrowings in current liabilities.

Statement of Cash Flows is prepared in accordance with the Indirect Method prescribed in the relevant Accounting Standard.

2.2 KEY ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Depreciation / amortisation and useful lives of property plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment / intangible assets are depreciated / amortised over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account estimated residual value. The estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets are reviewed annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation / amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives and residual values are based on the Company's historical experience with similar assets and take into account anticipated technological changes and other related matters. The depreciation / amortisation for future periods is revised if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

Recoverability of trade receivable

Judgements are required in assessing the recoverability of overdue trade receivables and determining whether a provision against those receivables is required. Factors considered include the period of overdues, the amount and timing of anticipated future payments and the probability of default.

Provisions

Provisions and liabilities are recognized in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of resources resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability requires the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances. The carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and revised to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or Cash Generating Units (CGU's) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or a groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken in the latest transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

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Notes to Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2023

Measurement of defined benefit obligations

The measurement of defined benefit and other post-employment benefits obligations are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

2.3 New and amended standards

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Amendment Rules 2022 dated March 23, 2022, to amend the existing Ind AS viz. Ind AS 37, 103, 16, 101, 109 & 41. There is no such impact of amendments which would have been applicable from April 1, 2022.

The company has not early adopted any standards, amendments that have been issued but are not yet effective/notified.

2.4 Recent Pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 by issuing the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, applicable from April 1, 2023, as below:

Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements

The amendments require companies to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. Accounting policy information, together with other information, is material when it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions of primary users of general purpose financial statements. The Company does not expect this amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes

The amendments clarify how companies account for deferred tax on transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations. The amendments narrowed the scope of the recognition exemption in paragraphs 15 and 24 of Ind AS 12 (recognition exemption) so that it no longer applies to transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. The Company does not expect this amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

The amendments will help entities to distinguish between accounting policies and accounting estimates. The definition of a change in accounting estimates has been replaced with a definition of accounting estimates. Under the new definition, accounting estimates are "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". Entities develop accounting estimates if accounting policies require items in financial statements to be measured in a way that involves measurement uncertainty. The Company does not expect this amendment to have any significant impact in its financial statements.

2.5 First Time adoption of Ind AS

The Company has adopted Ind AS with effect from 1st April 2022 with comparatives being restated. Accordingly the impact of transition has been provided in the Opening Reserves as at 1st April 2021. The figures for the previous period have been restated, regrouped and reclassified wherever required to comply with the requirement of Ind AS and Schedule III.

a) Exemptions from retrospective application

Deemed cost for property, plant and equipment

The Company has elected to measure all its property, plant and equipment at the Previous GAAP carrying amount as its deemed cost on the date of transition to Ind AS.

b) Transition to Ind AS - Reconciliations

The following reconciliations provide the explanations and quantification of the differences arising from the transition from Previous GAAP to Ind AS in accordance with Ind AS 101:

- (i) Reconciliation of Equity as at 1st April, 2021 and 31st March, 2022. Refer Note-3.1.
- (ii)Reconciliation of Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2022. Refer Note-3.2.



Notes to Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2023

3.1 Reconciliations

The following reconciliations provides the effect of transition to Ind AS from IGAAP in accordance with Ind AS 101

- 1. Equity as at April 1, 2021 and March 31, 2022
- 2. Net profit for the year ended March 31, 2022

Reconciliation of equity as previously reported under IGAAP to Ind AS

Note						
	Previous IGAAP		Ind AS	Previous IGAAP		Ind AS
		tion to Ind-AS			ition to Ind-AS	
			4 000 00	4 005 00	40.47	4.000
А	1,858.87	-	1,858.87	1,835.98	16.47	1,852.4
	27.22	-	27.22	65.72	-	65.
	4.30	-	4.30	3.19	-	3.
В	2,045.99	3,731.85			8,902.83	10,016.
	130.60	-	130.60		•	53.
С	129.84	(95.37)	34.47	162.88	-	162.
	4,196.81	3,636.48	7,833.29	3,235.05	8,919.31	12,154.
	3,505.34	-	3,505.34	4,479.70	-	4,479.
	i					
	576.81	-	576.81	142.36	-	142.
	7.44		7.44	911.75		911.
ŀ						
1						
	405.00		125 00	CEE 22		655.
	125.60	-	125.60	000.02		655.
				04.00		
]	21.
	1,575.76		1,575.76	1,431.81		1,431.
	5,798.52		5,798.52	7,642.27		7,642.
		2 222 42	40.004.00	40.077.00	0.040.04	40.700
	9,995.34	3,535.48	13,631.82	10,877.33	0,919.31	19,796.
	!					
	470.04		470.04	470.04		470
_						478.
ם						15,464.
	5,375.01	3,432.65	8,807.67	8,025.96	7,917.29	15,943.
				04.50		54
)	-			-	31.
		-	34.11		-	34.
E	199.48	203.83	403.31	180.73	1,002.01	1,182.
					l l	
	4 000 05		4 000 05	000.00		200
	1,080.05	-	1,080.05	286.39		286.
						_
	3.88		3.88	3.88		3.
	-	-	-	-	-	
		,				
	2,220.03	_	2,220.03	1,635,47		1,635.
		.			_ I	71.
		'			. I	602.
					_	5.
				5.09	<u>-</u>	J.
AAA		204.23		2.851.37	1.002.01	3,853.
	(e)		.,0200	,	-,	
			40 000 00	40.070.00	0.040.24	19,795.
	C\9,995.34	3,636.88	13,632.22	10,876.33	8,919.31	19,795.
₹ No. 00		3,636.88	13,632.22	10,8/6.33	8,919.31	19,795.
R No. 00 PUR-49)	2172 C \\	3,636.88	13,632.22	10,876.33	8,919.31	19,790.
	A B C	A 1,858.87	Previous IGAAP Effects of transition to Ind-AS	Previous IGAAP Effects of transition to Ind-AS 1,858.87	Previous IGAAP Effects of transi tion to Ind-AS Ind AS Previous IGAAP	Previous IGAAP Effects of transi tion to Ind-AS Ind AS Previous IGAAP Effects of transition to Ind-AS

Notes to Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2023

Explanations for reconciliation of Balance Sheet as previously reported under IGAAP to INDAS

A) Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

As per Ind AS 16, PPE are defined as tangible items that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, for rental to others, or for administrative purposes; and are expected to be used during more than one period. Certain spare parts which has been consumed, now meets the definition of PPE and are accordingly classified as PPE.

B) Investments

Investments in equity instruments are carried at fair value through OCI in Ind AS compared to being carried at cost under IGAAP.

C) Other non-current assets

The Unused MAT credit are reclassified to Deferred tax as on date of transition to Ind AS by reclassifying from Other current assets.

D) Other equity

a) Adjustments to retained earnings and other comprehensive income has been made in accordance with Ind AS, for the above mentioned line items b) In addition, as per Ind-AS 19, actuarial gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income as compared to being recognized in the statement of profit and loss under IGAAP.

E) Deferred Tax liabilities

Indian GAAP requires deferred tax accounting using the income statement approach, which focuses on differences between taxable profits and accounting profits for the period. Ind AS 12 requires entities to account for deferred taxes using the balance sheet approach, which focuses on temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability in the balance sheet and its tax base. The application of Ind AS 12 approach has resulted in recognition of deferred tax on new temporary differences which was not required under Indian GAAP.

In addition, the various transitional adjustments lead to temporary differences. According to the accounting policies, the company has to account for such differences. Deferred tax adjustments are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in retained earnings or a separate component of equity.



Notes to Financial Statement for the year ended 31 March 2023

3.2 Reconciliation of statement of profit & loss as previously reported under IGAAP to Ind AS

3.2	Particulars	Note	Year ended March 31, 2022			
			Previous IGAAP	Effects of transition to Ind-AS	Ind AS	
i.	INCOME					
	Revenue from operations		13,465.31	-	13,465.31	
11.	Other Income	Α	773.71	(335.22)	438.50	
	Total Income (I+II)		14,239.02	(335,22)	13,903.80	
III.	EXPENDITURE					
	Cost of materials consumed		8,298.82	-	8,298,82	
	Purchases of Stock-in-Trade		85.05	-	85.05	
	Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in- progress and Stock-in-Trade		(113,39)	_	(113.39)	
	Employee benefits expense	В	389.57	2.26	391.83	
	Finance costs		83.45	-	83.45	
	Depreciation and amortization expense	C	119.82	0.93	120.75	
	Other expenses	D	1,815.89	(17.40)	1,798.49	
	Total expenses		10,679.21	(14.21)	10,665.00	
IV.	Profit Before Tax		3,559.81	(321.01)	3,238.80	
V.	Tax expense:					
	(1) Current tax	E	832.25	(51.13)	781.11	
	(2) MAT	F	95.37	(95.37)	-	
	(3) Deferred Tax	F	(18.76)	98.95	80.19	
Vì.	Profit for the period (IV - V)		2,650.95	(273.45)	2,377.50	
VII.	Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	G	-	4,758.09	4,758.09	
VIII.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX		2,650.95	4,484.64	7,135.59	

Explanations for reconciliation of Statement of Profit and loss as previously reported under IGAAP to Ind AS

A. Other Income

Gain on sale of long term investments which are fair valued through OCI has been reclassified in other comprehensive income.

B. Employee benefits expense

As per Ind-AS 19- Employee Benefits, actuarial gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and not reclassified to profit and loss in a subsequent period.

Adjustments reflect unamortised negative past service cost arising on modification of the gratuity plan in an earlier period. Ind AS 19 requires such gains and losses to be adjusted to retained earnings.

C. Depreciation

Recognition of additional PPE from consumption of stores & spares has resulted in additional depreciation charge for the year ended 31 March 2022.

D. Other expenses

Recognition of additional PPE from consumption of stores & spares has resulted in addition to PPE for the year ended 31 March 2022.

E. Current tax

Tax effect on gain on sale of long term investments which are fair valued through OCI has been reclassified in other comprehensive income.

F. Deferred Tax

Indian GAAP requires deferred tax accounting using the income statement approach, which focuses on differences between taxable profits and accounting profits for the period. Ind AS 12 requires entities to account for deferred taxes using the balance sheet approach, which focuses on temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability in the balance sheet and its tax base. The application of Ind AS 12 approach has resulted in recognition of deferred tax on new temporary differences which was not required under Indian GAAP.

G. Other Comprehensive Income

In case of Investments in equity instruments, the same are carried at fair value through OCI in Ind AS compared to being carried at cost under IGAAP.

As per Ind-AS 19- Employee Benefits, actuarial gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and not reclassified to profit and loss in a subsequent period.

Alok Ferro Alloys Ltd.

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

4. Property, plant & eq	juipment Freehold Land	Leasehold Land	Site & Land Development	Factory Shed &	Borewell &	Plant & Equipment	Electrical Installation	Work Shop Equipment	Office Equipment	Computer	Furniture & Fixtures	Vehicles	Pay Loader	PPE Spares	Total
	₹	₹	₹	Building ₹	Water System ₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹
Gross Block								1,00						·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
At 1 April 2021	17.59	2.78	20.38	49.98	0.52	1,337.58	90.38	5.49	10.68	2.08	3.32	282.20	35.89	•	1,858.87
Additions	-	•	-	-	1.22	80.01	-	-	•	1.62	0.24	12.72	-	17.40	113.22
Disposals		•	=	-		-	-	-	-	-	_ - _	-	-	•	-
At 31 March, 2022	17.59	2.78	20.38	49.98	1.74	1,417.59	90.38	5.49	10.68	3.70	3.56	294.92	35.89	17.40	1,972.09
Additions	222.22	-	-	7.23	*	1,708.39	-	-	0.44	1.96	0.21	26.25	-	-	1,966.69
Disposals	_	_	-	•	_	197.44	-	-	-	•		-	_		197.44
At 31 March, 2023	239.81	2.78	20.38	57.21	1.74	2,928.54	90.38	5.49	11.12	5.66	3.77	321.17	35.89	17.40	3,741.35
Accumulated Depre At 1 April 2021	ciation -	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-		•
Charge for the year	-	•	-	5.95	0.01	63.97	5.81	0.47	2.56	0.90	0.41	33.54	5.10	0.93	119.64
Disposals		•	_	-	-	-		•	•	-	-	_	-	•	-
At 31 March, 2022		-	-	5.95	0.01	63.97	5.81	0.47	2.56	0.90	0.41	33.54	5.10	0.93	119.64
Charge for the year	-	-	-	5.68	0.17	78.06	5.42	0.47	2.10	1.61	0.43	33.75	5.10	3.31	136.10
Disposals		-				12.07		-		-	•	-	-		12.07
At 31 March, 2023		•	-	11.63	0.18	129.96	11.23	0.94	4.65	2.51	0.84	67.29	10.20	4.24	243.67
Net Block															
At 1 April, 2021	17.59	2.78	20.38	49.98	0.52	1,337.58	90.38	5.49	10.68	2.08	3.32	282.20	35.89	-	1,858.87
At 31 March, 2022	17.59	2.78	20.38	44.03	1.73	1,353.62	84.57	5.02	8.12	2.80	3.15	261.38	30.79	16.47	1,852.45
At 31 March, 2023 Note:	239.81	2.78	20.38	45.58	1.56	2,798.58	79.15	4.55	6.47	3.14	2.93	253.88	25.69	13.17	3,497.67

Details of property, plant and equipment pledged against borrowings is presented in note 18.

The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the company itself. Further, the company has not carried out revaluation of items of Property, Plant & Equipment during the year and accordingly the disclosure as to whether the revaluation is based on the valuation by a registered is not applicable.



Alok Ferro Alloys Ltd.

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

5. Capital Work in progress (CWIP)

Particulars	At 1 April 2021	Addition	Deduction	At 31 March, 2022	Addition	Deduction	At 31 March, 2023
Project in progress	27.22	65.72	27.22	65.72	•	65.72	
Total	27.22	65.72	27.22	65.72	-	65.72	-

Details of Capital Work in Progress	Amou	Amount in CWIP for a period of 31.03.2023							
	< 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	> 3 years					
Project in progress	-	-	-	-	-				

Details of Capital Work in Progress	Amou	Amount in CWIP for a period of 31.03.2022						
	< 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	> 3 years				
Project in progress	65.72		-	-	65.72			

There is no completion of CWIP is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

6. Intangible assets

-	Computer software	Total ₹
Gross Block		
At 1 April 2021	4.30	4.30
Purchase	-	_
At 31 March, 2022	4.30	4.30
Purchase		
At 31 March, 2023	4.30	4.30
Amortization		
At 1 April 2021	-	•
Charge for the year	1.11	1.11
At 31 March, 2022	1.11	1.11
Charge for the year	1.11	1.11
At 31 March, 2023	2.21	2.21
Net Block		
At 1 April 2021	4.30	4.30
At 31 March, 2022	3.19	3.19
At 31 March, 2023	2.09	2.09



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

7. Non-current Investments Investments (Fair Valued through OCI) Quoted equity instruments, fully pald up 1920000 (1920000) (960000) Equity Shares of Rs.5/- each in Godawari Power & Ispat 0 (1250000) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each in Steel Authority of India Limited - 100000 (100000) (0) Equity Shares of Rs.1/- each in Tata Steel Ltd. 50000 (50000) (0) Equity Shares of Rs.5/- each in Hindustan Copper Ltd. 49.18 0 (1878) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Alembic Limited 0 (2555) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 7/- each in Alembic Limited 0 (586) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- each in Alembic Limited 0 (586) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- each in Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited 0 (1430) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- each in Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited 0 (232) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each in Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited 0 (232) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each in Gujarat Pipava Port Limited 0 (2419) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each in Gujarat Pipava Port Limited 0 (359) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each in Hero MotoCorp Limited 0 (717) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- each in Hero MotoCorp Limited 0 (717) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Hold Mahindra Bank Limited 0 (331) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in KRSNAA Diagnostics Limited 0 (331) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Mahindra & Mahindra 0 (3262) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Mahindra & Mahindra 0 (3262) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Nolla Natural Gas Co. 93.80 934 (274) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in In Ili & Natural Gas Co. 93.80 94 (274) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in In Ili & Natural Gas Co. 93.80 94 (274) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in In Ili & Natural Gas Co. 93.80 94 (274) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in In Ili & Natural Gas Co. 93.80 94 (274) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in In Ili & Natural Gas Co. 93.80 954 (274) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Ili & Natural Gas Co. 93.80 96 (13419) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Ili Renery Limited 96 (13419) (0) Equity Shares of	31.03.2022	01.04.2021
Investments (Fair Valued through OCI) Quoted equity instruments, fully paid up.	₹	₹
Quoted equity instruments, fully paid up 1920000 (1920000) (960000) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Godawari Power & Ispat 0 (1250000) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each in Steel Authority of India Limited - 100000 (100000) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- each in Tata Steel Ltd. 104.50 (1878) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Hindustan Copper Ltd. 49.18 (1878) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Additya Birla AMC Limited - 2 (2555) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- each in Additya Birla AMC Limited - 3 (2555) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- each in Amar Raja Batteries - 3 (268) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each in Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limiter 10.43 (1430) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each in Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limiter - 2 (232) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each in Gujarat Pipava Port Limited - 3 (232) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each in Gujarat Pipava Port Limited - 4 (2419) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- each in Hindustan Uniliver Limited - 4 (2589) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- each in Hindustan Uniliver Limited - 4 (2589) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- each in Krisna Policy Limited - 4 (2582) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 1/- each in Krisna Policy Limited - 4 (2582) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Krisna Policy Limited - 4 (2582) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Krisna Policy Limited - 4 (2582) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Krisna Policy Limited - 4 (2582) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Sun TV Limited - 4 (2582) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Sun TV Limited - 4 (2582) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Sun TV Limited - 4 (2582) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Sun TV Limited - 4 (2582) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Sun TV Limited - 4 (2582) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Sun TV Limited - 4 (2582) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Sun TV Limited - 4 (2582) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Sun TV Limited - 4 (2582) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Sun TV Limited - 4 (2582) (0) Equity Share		
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0 (13419) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each in RBL Bank Limited 0 (2214) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Sun TV Limited	101.78	-
0 (2214) (0) Equity Shares of Rs. 5/- each in Sun TV Limited 2628 (0) (0) India Energy Exchange Ltd. 3.35 1974 (0) (0) Aurbindo Pharma 4.64 Unquoted equity instruments, fully paid up 10000 (10000) (10000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira Energy Limited 975000 (975000) (975000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira Ferro Alloys Limited 2,837.25 1250 (1250) (0) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira CSR Foundation 0.13 Unquoted preference Instruments, fully paidup 0 (0) (4130000) 10% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each of Hira Infra-tek Limited 9,825.94	9.84	-
2628 (0) (0) India Energy Exchange Ltd. 1974 (0) (0) Aurbindo Pharma 4.64 Unquoted equity instruments, fully paid up 10000 (10000) (10000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira Energy Limited 4.40 975000 (975000) (975000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira Ferro Alloys Limited 2,837.25 1250 (1250) (0) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira CSR Foundation 0.13 Unquoted preference instruments, fully paidup 0 (0) (4130000) 10% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each of Hira Infra-tek Limited 9,825.94	17.46	-
1974 (0) (0) Aurbindo Pharma Unquoted equity instruments, fully paid up 10000 (10000) (10000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira Energy Limited 975000 (975000) (975000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira Ferro Alloys Limited 1250 (1250) (0) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira CSR Foundation Unquoted preference instruments, fully paidup 0 (0) (4130000) 10% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each of Hira Infra-tek Limited 9,825.94	10.85	-
Unquoted equity instruments, fully paid up 10000 (10000) (10000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira Energy Limited 4.40 975000 (975000) (975000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira Ferro Alloys Limited 2,837.25 1250 (1250) (0) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira CSR Foundation 0.13 Unquoted preference instruments, fully paidup 0 (0) (4130000) 10% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each of Hira Infra-tek Limited 9,825.94	-	-
10000 (10000) (10000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira Energy Limited 975000 (975000) (975000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira Ferro Alloys Limited 2,837.25 1250 (1250) (0) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira CSR Foundation 0.13 Unquoted preference instruments, fully paldup 0 (0) (4130000) 10% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each of Hira Infra-tek Limited 9,825.94	.	-
975000 (975000) (975000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira Ferro Alloys Limited 1250 (1250) (0) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira CSR Foundation 0.13 Unquoted preference instruments, fully paidup 0 (0) (4130000) 10% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each of Hira Infra-tek Limited 9,825.94		
1250 (1250) (0) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each in Hira CSR Foundation 0.13 Unquoted preference instruments, fully paldup 0 (0) (4130000) 10% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each of Hira Infra-tek Limited 9,825.94	4.10	4.10
Unquoted preference instruments, fully paidup 0 (0) (4130000) 10% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each of Hira Infra-tek Limited 9,825.94	2,145.00	1,189.50
0 (0) (4130000) 10% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each of Hira Infra-tek Limited 9,825.94	0.13	-
each of Hira Infra-tek Limited 9,825.94		
9,825.94	_	413.00
Agreegate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof 6,984.17	10,016.14	5,777.84
	7,866.91	4,171.24
Agreegate value of unquoted investment 2,841.78 .	•	1,606.60
Investment carried at fair value through other comprehensive income 9,825.94	=	5,777.84



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

8. Other financial assets

. Other manoral about		Non-current			Current	
	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹	01.04.2021 ₹	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹	01.04.2021 ₹
Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise		-				
Non-current bank balances (note-12)	262.92	50.79	127.80	-	-	-
Others						
Interest accured on fixed deposits	6.79	3.19	2.80	2.86	21.33	7.38
Security deposits	4.84	22.88	15.88		-	-
	274.54	76.87	146.48	2.86	21.33	7.38

9. Other Current assets

		Non-current			Current	
•	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹	01.04.2021 ₹	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹	01.04.2021 ₹
Capital advances Advances other than capital advances	-	140.00	18.59			-
Advance to Vendors	-	-	_	440.44	685.52	480.95
Prepaid expenses	-	_	-	34.81	36.74	15.10
Balance with revenue authorities	-	-		810,54	690.62	483.06
Total	-	140.00	18.59	1,285.79	1,412.88	979.10

10. Inventories (valued at lower of cost and net realizable value)	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹	01.04.2021 ₹
Raw Materials and components	3,041.87	2,743.43	2,045.43
Finished goods & By Products	193.13	1,301.28	1,187.89
Stores & spares	446.20	434.99	272.01
	3,681.21	4,479.70	3,505.34

Note:

Details of inventories pledged against borrowings is presented in note 18.



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

11. Trade receivables			
	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹	01.04.2021 ₹
Trade Receivables- unsecured, considered goods	266.48	142.36	576.81
Trade Receivalbes- Which have significat increase in Credit Risk	-	-	-
Trade Receivalbes- Credit Impaired			-
	266.48	142.36	576.81

No trade or other receivable are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.

Trade receivables ageing schedule for the year ended as on March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022:

Particulars	Outs	utstading for following periods from Due Date of Payment as on 31.03.2023					
	< 6 Months	6 Months-1 Years	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 Years	Total	
(i) Undisputed trade Receivalbes- Considered goods	213.63	52.85	-	-	-	266.48	
(ii) Undisputed trade Receivalbes- Which have significat increase in Credit Risk	-	-	ı	-	-	-	
(iii) Undisputed trade Receivalbes- Credit Impaired	-	-	-	<u>.</u>	-	-	
(iv) disputed trade Receivalbes- considered goods	<u>-</u>		-	-	-	-	
(v) disputed trade Receivalbes- Which have significat increase in Credit Risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(vi) disputed trade Receivalbes- Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Particulars	Outs	tading for foll	owing periods	s from Due Date of Pay	ment as on 31.03/	.2022
	< 6 Months	6 Months-1 Years	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 Years	Total
(i) Undisputed trade Receivalbes- Considered goods	142.36	- [-	-	142.36
(ii) Undisputed trade Receivalbes- Which have significat increase in Credit Risk	-	-	-	•	-	-
(iii) Undisputed trade Receivalbes- Credit Impaired		-	-	-	-	-
(iv) disputed trade Receivalbes- considered goods	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) disputed trade Receivalbes- Which have significat increase in Credit Risk	-	-	-	-		-
(vi) disputed trade Receivalbes- Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-

12. Cash and bank balances		Non-current			Current	
	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹	01.04.2021 ₹	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹	01.04.2021 ₹
Cash and cash equivalents Balances with banks:						<u>.</u>
On current accounts				1.82	259.59	6.43
On OD accounts				298.88	649.25	_
Cash in hand				2,66	2.91	1.01
				303.36	911.75	7.44
Other bank balances Fixed deposit :						•
Deposits with original maturity for more than 12 months	262.92	50.79	127.80	231.94	655.32	305.00
	262.92	50.79	127.80	231.94	655.32	305.00
Less: Amount disclosed under other financial assets (note-8)	262.92	50.79	127.80			1
Less: Overdraft facilty from bank				-	-	179.20
	-	-		535.30	1,567.07	133.24

Fixed deposits given as security

Fixed deposits agrregating to ₹ 494.86 lacs (previous 11 lacs) are pledged with banks for OD Facilities, margin money for bank guarantee and pledged with govt. Departments

13. Loans

Loan to body corporate repayable on demain

Note:

The Company has not made any loans or advantage outstanding as at the end of the current year

31.03.2022 ₹	01.04.2021 ₹
-	595.06
-	595.06
	₹

loans to Promoters, Directors, KMP's and the related parties which

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹	01.04.2021 ₹
14. Share capital			
Authorised			
4800000 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	480.00	480.00	480.00
	480.00	480.00	480.00
Issued,Subscribed and fully paid-up			
4786095 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid-up	478.61	478.61	478.61
	478.61	478.61	478.61

a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Equity shares

_	31.03	.2023	31.03.2022		
•	No.	₹	No.	₹	
At the beginning of the period	47,86,095	478.61	47,86,095	478.61	
Issue during the period	_	-	-	-	
Outstanding at the end of the period	47,86,095	478.61	47,86,095	478.61	

b. Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of the equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribtion of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company:

_	31.03	3.2023	31.0	3.2022
	No.	% of holding in the class	No.	% of holding in the class
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully pa	iid			
Shri G.P. Agrawal	-	-	5,60,010	11.70
Godawari Power & Ispat Limited	37,79,220	78.96	-	-
Smt. Nisha Agrawal	-	-	6,38,000	13.33
Hira Infra-Tek Ltd.	-	_	8,13,000	16.99
Ardent Steel Ltd.	5,99,875	12.53	5,99,875	12.53
Hira Ferro Alloys Ltd.	3,97,000	8.29	3,97,000	8.29
H.P. Agrawal (HUF)	-	-	2,79,000	5.83
Shri J.P. Agrawal	-	-	2,53,000	5.29
-	47,76,095	99.79	35,39,885	73.96

d. Shares held by promoters at 31 March 2023

Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Godawari Power & Ispat Limited	37,79,220	78.96	78.96
Shri G.P. Agrawal	- 1	- 1	(11.70)
Smt. Nisha Agrawal	-	-	(13.33)



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

15. Long-term borrowings	No	Non-current portion Current mat			Current maturities	turities	
	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹	01.04.2021 ₹	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹	01.04.2021 ₹	
Other loans and advances From financial institution (secured)	22.07	31.50	73.55	23.81	50.17	74.58	
1 Tom manetal institution (secured)	22.07	31.50	73.55	23.81	50.17	74.58	
The above amount includes Secured borrowings	22.07	31.50	73.55	23.81	50.17	74.58	
Amount disclosed under the head "short term borrowings" (refer note 18) Net amount	22.07	31.50	73,55	(23.81)	(50.17)	(74.58)	

Terms & Conditions

a) Other Loans & Advances are secured by hypothecation of vehicles.

16. Provisions		Short-term			Long-term -		
	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03,2022 ₹	01.04.2021 ₹	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹	01.04.2021 ₹	
Provision for employee benefits							
Provision for gratuity	6.86	5.89	2.07	42.05	34.46	34.11	
	6.86	5.89	2.07	42.05	34.46	34.11	
	6.86	5.89	2.07	42.05	34.46	34.11	
17. Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities)				31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022	01.04.2021 ₹	
Deferred Tax Liabilities			,		-		
PPE : Impact of difference between tax	depreciation and			(234.96)	(198.17)	(213.51)	
depreciation charged for the financial re	eporting			-			
On fair value of investments				(1,067.52)	(997.87)	(299.20)	
				(1,302.48)	(1,196.04)	(512.71)	
Deferred Tax Assets							
Provision for employee benefits				12.31	10.15	10.54	
Effect of expenditure debited to profit &	loss account in cur	rent year		3.52	3.14	3.49	
Unused MAT Credits					95.37		
Gross deferred tax assets				15.82	13.29	109.40	
Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities)				(1,286.65)	(1,182.74)	(403.31)	



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

18. Short-term borrowings	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022	01.04.2021 ₹
Working Capital Facility from bank (secured) Loan from body corporate repayable on demand (unsecured)	1,007.97	236.22	- 1,005.47
Current maturities of long-term borrowings (secured) (refer note-15)	23.81	50.17	74.58
	1,031.79	286.39	1,080.05
The above amount includes	. ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	
Secured borrowings	1,031.79	286.39	74.58
Unsecured borrowings	-	-	1,005.47

Working Capital Facility from bank is secured by exclusive hypothecation charge on entire current assets of the company both present and future and exclusive charge by way of hypothecation of plant & machineries and other movable fixed assets. It is further secured by equitable mortgage of freehold factory land & buildind, leasehold factory land & building and personal guarantee of the director and their relatives. The cash credit is repayable on demand.

All the monthly returns submitted to banks are in agreement with books of account and there is no any material differences between the books and returns submitted with bank.

19. Trade payables	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹	01.04.2021 ₹
Trade payables		•	
-Outstanding dues to micro & small enterprises	3.88	3.88	3.88
-Outstanding dues of Creditors other than micro & small enterprises	586.13	1,635.47	2,220.03
	590.02	1.639.35	2,223,92

Trade payables ageing schedule		Following perio	ods from due dat	e of Payment as	on 31.03.2023		
Particurlars	< 1 Years	< 1 Years 1-2 Years 2-3 Years > 3 Years					
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-		
(ii) Others	494.71	-	1.30	90.12	586.13		
(iii) Disputed Dues- MSME	-	-	-	3.88	3.88		
(iv) Disputed Dues- Others	- 1		-	-	-		
Total	494.71	-	1.30	94.01	590.02		

Particurlars	Outstading for	Outstading for Following periods from due date of Payment as on 31.03.2022					
Particulars	< 1 Years	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 Years	Total		
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-		
(ii) Others	1,494.43	45.52	6.06	89.46	1,635.47		
(iii) Disputed Dues- MSME	- 1	-	-	3.88	3.88		
(iv) Disputed Dues- Others	-	-	-	-	-		
Total					1,639.35		

20. Other Financial Liabilities

Expenses payables

31.03.2023	31.03.2022	01.04.2021
₹	₹	₹
63.87	64,22	75.91
63.87	64.22	75.91

21. Other Current Liabilities

Statutory dues payable Provision for Renewal Purchase Obligation

Advance from customer

	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	01.04.2021
	14.76	23.66	22.87
	291.74	275.90	270.89
	215.64	309.27	620.02
_	522.14	608.83	913.79



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

22. Revenue from operations	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹
Revenue from operations		
Sale of products		
Manufacturing Goods and By-Products	6,391.08	13,374.23
Traded Goods	520.60	89.53
Other operating revenue		
Scrap sales	-	1.54
Revenue from operations	6,911.68	13,465.31

Ind AS 115 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Company recognises revenue when control over the promised goods or services is transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods.

The Company has assessed and determined the following categories for disaggregation of revenue:

Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	₹	₹
Revenue from contracts with customer - Sale of products/goods	6,911.68	13,463.77
Other operating revenues	-	1.54
Total Revenue from operations	6,911.68	13,465.31
India	4,222.76	6,217.95
Outside India	2,688.92	7,247.36
Total Revenue from operations	6,911.68	13,465.31
Timing of revenue recognition		
At a point in time	6,911.68	13,465.31
Total Revenue from operations	6,911.68	13,465.31
Contract balances		
Trade Receivables (refer note 11)	266.48	142.36
Contract Liabilities		
Advance from customers (refer note 21)	215.64	309.27

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of advance or credit period ranges of 1 to 90 days. In March 2023, ₹ Nil (March 2022: ₹ Nil) was recognised as provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables.

Contract liabilities include short-term advances received from customers to deliver manufacturing goods.

Amount of revenue recognised from amounts included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year ₹ 156.53 lacs (previous year ₹ 318.81 lacs) and performance obligations satisfied in current years ₹ NIL (previous year ₹ NIL).

23. Other Income	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹
Interest Income on		
Bank Deposits	25.18	23.34
Others	17.85	20.54
Dividend Income on		
Non-Current investments	179.62	180.32
Gain on sale of short term investments	32.39	-
Export incentive income	27.82	72.19
Foreign exchance fluctuation	-	141.47
Liabilities no longer required, written back	101.21	-
Other non-operating income	1.21	0.64
· -	385.29	438.50



ALOK FERRO ALLOYS LIMITED Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

24.	Cost of raw material and components consume	d	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹
	Inventory at the beginning of the year	•	2,743.43	2,045.43
	Add: purchases including procurement expenses (I	Net of Disposal)	3,937.81	8,996,82
	•		6,681.23	11,042.25
	Less: Inventory at the end of the year		3,041.87	2,743.43
	Cost of raw material and components consumed		3,639.36	8,298.82
25.	(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories	31.03.2023	31.03.2022	(Increase)/Decrease
		₹	₹	₹
				31.03.2023
	Inventories at the end of the year			
	Finished goods and by-products	193.13	1,301.28	1,108.15
		193.13_	1,301.28	1,108.15
	Inventories at the beginning of the year			31.03.2022
	Finished goods and by-products	1,301.28	1,187.89	(113.39)
		1,301.28	1,187.89	(113.39)
	Net (increase)/decrease in inventories	1,108.15	(113.39)	- :



ALOK FERRO ALLOYS LIMITED Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

26. Employee benefits expense		
	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹
Salaries, wages and other benefits	378.32	353.75
Contribution to provident and other fund	31.69	28.48
Gratuity Expenses (refer note 34)	10.92	9.61
	420.93	391.83
27. Finance Costs ,	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹
Interest	<u>.</u>	
- on over draft facility	4.76	2.43
- on Working Capital	62.59	8.57
- on others	19.83	42.88
Other borrowing cost	9.91	29.58
	97.09	83.45
. 28. Depreciation and amortization expense	31.03.2023 	31.03.2022 ₹
Depreciation on property, plant & equipment	136.10	119.64
Amortization of intangible assets	1.11	1.11
•	137.20	120.75



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

29. Other Expenses	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹
Consumption of stores and spares	248.49	340.60
Packing Material Consumed	18.91	30.68
Electricity Duty Charges	45.81	111.70
Water Charges	21.25	21.86
Material Handling & other manufacturing expenses	144.77	240.81
Insurance	24.62	15.22
Repairs and maintenance	24,02	10.22
- Plant and machinery	106.79	125.64
- Buildings	23.03	5.64
- Others	3.98	4.61
Commission	3.80	4.01
	1.72	12.14
- Other than Sole selling agents		
Travelling and conveyance	17.26	7.04
Postage & Telephone Expenses	1.20	1.28
Legal and professional fees	15.21	8.40
Rates & Taxes	5.75	5.44
Directors' remuneration	155.15	123.61
Vehicle Running & Maintenance Expenses	2.18	3.48
Payment to Auditor (Refer details below)	5.00	3,50
Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses	26.00	13.05
Renewal Purchase Obligation	15.85	5.00
Profit/Loss on sale of property, plant & equipment	35.41	-
Exchange Gain/Loss on foreign Currency	25.94	-
Security Charges	48.48	39.33
Selling & forwarding expenses	171.34	586.58
Miscellaneous expenses	114.30	92.88
	<u>1,278.44</u>	1,798,49
Payment to Auditor	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹
As auditor :		
Audit fee	4.00	3.00
Tax Audit fee	1.00	0.50
	5.00	3.50
30. Earnings per share (EPS)	31.03.2023 ₹	31.03.2022 ₹
Net profit/ (Loss) as per Statement of profit and loss	82.39	2,377.51
Net profit /(Loss) for calculation of basic EPS & Diluted EPS	82.39	2,377.51
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating Basic EPS	47,86,095	47,86,095
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating Diluted EPS Basic & Diluted EPS	47,86,095	47,86,095
- Basic earning per share	1.72	49.68
- Diluted earning per share	1.72	49.68
- Directed earning per share	1.12	73.00

31. Contingent Liabilities and assets not provided for, are in respect of :-

I.	CST/VAT/Entry Tax	₹ 28.29 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 28.29 lakhs)
	Central Excise	₹ 11.34 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 11.34 lakhs)
	Income Tax	₹ 2.77 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 2.77 lakhs)
	Electricity duty cess	₹ 958.71 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 933.15 lakhs)

- II. Claim aginst the company not acknowledge as debt amounting to ₹ 3.15 Lacs (Previous Year ₹ 3.15 Lacs.)
- III. Counter Guarantees given gainst the bank guarantees issued by the companies banker agreegating to ₹ 354.12 lacs (Previous Year ₹ 327.55 lacs).

Contingent Assets:

During the year, the compnay has filed an insurance claim of ₹ 305 lacs with the insurance company for the claim of 226.862 MT lost/theft/adulterated material/changed material (Sites) Manganese) sent for export was tempered by transporter within transit route and mixed slag in the packing packing assessment is in under progress with the insurance company. The shortage of 226.170 MT (amounting to ₹ 149 lacs) has been duly taken in books of account.

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

32. The company operates in a single segment that is manufacturing of ferro alloys products, hence there is only a single reportable segment.

33. Related Party Disclosures:

a) Related parties and nature of relationship where control exists:-

a) Holding Company

- Godawari Power & Ispat Ltd. (w.e.f. 28.06.2022)

b) Subsidiaries of Holding Company

- Hira Ferro Alloys Limited (w.e.f. 28.06.2022)

c) Key Management Personnal

- -Shri Vinay Agarwal
- -Shri Ajay Dubey
- -Shri T Bose (resigned w.e.f. 08.11.2022)
- -Shri Y C Rao (appointed w.e.f. 08.11.2022)

b) Transactions with Related Parties:

(₹ in Lacs)

Particular of Transactions	1	Key Managerial Person		Total	
· · · · ·	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22	
Remuneration Paid	125.15	92.28	125.15	92.28	
Outstanding					
Payable	1.74	8.58	1.74	8.58	

Particular of Transactions	Holding	Holding Company		Total	
	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22	
Purchase of Materials and Others	58.17	-	58.17	-	
Sale of Goods	485.16	-	485.16	-	
Outstanding					
Payable/Receivable	-	-	-	-	

Particular of Transactions		Subsidiaries of Holding Company				
	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22		
Purchase of Materials and Others	916.14	_	916.14	_		
Sale of Goods	1775.98	-	1775.98	-		
Outstanding						
Payable/Receivable	-	-	- 1	-		

c) Disclosure in respect of transactions which are more than 10% of the total transactions of the same type with related parties during the year

(₹ in Lacs)

	1,	Laco
	2022-23	2021-22
Purchase of Materials and Others		
Godawari Power and Ispat Ltd	11.90	-
Hira Ferro Alloys Ltd	916.14	-
R.R. Ispat (A unit of GPIL)	46.27	-
	974.31	-
Sale of Goods		
Godawari Power and Ispat Ltd	485.16	-
Hira Ferro Alloys Ltd	1775.98	-
•	2261.14	-
Remuneration Paid		
Shri Vinay Agrawal	114.00	114.00
Shri Ajay Dubey	11.15	9.61
	125.15	123.61
<u>Payable</u>		
Shri Vinay Agrawal	-	7.84
Shri Ajay Dubey	1.74	
MGHAN	1.74	8.58

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

34. DISCLOSURES AS REQUIRED BY INDIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARD (Ind AS) 19 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS:

a. Defined Contribution Plan:

The Company has certain defined contribution plans viz. provident fund. Contributions are made to provident fund in India for employees at the rate of 12% of basic salary as per regulations. The contributions are made to registered provident fund administered by the government. The obligation of the Company is limited to the amount contributed and it has no further contractual nor any constructive obligation.

An amount of ₹ 31.69 lacs (P.Y. ₹ 28.48 lacs) is recognised as an expenses and included in employee benefit expense as under the following defined contribution plans (Refer Note no 26).

b. Defined benefit plan:

Gratuity:

The Gratuity scheme is a final salary defined benefit plan that provides for a lump sum payment made on exit either by way of retirement, death, disability or voluntary withdrawal. The benefits are defined on the basis of final salary and the period of service and paid as lump sum at exit. Benefits provided under this plan is as per the requirement of the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The scheme is unfunded.

	Particulars	** ** *** **** *****	Gratui 2022-23 (Non Funded) (N	2021-22
1	Change in Present value of defined benefit obiligation during the year:			
	Present value of defined benefit obiligation at the beginning of the year		40.35	36.18
	Interest Cost		2.86	2.50
	Current Service Cost		8.06	7.11
	Past Service Cost		-	-
	Benefit paid directly by employer		(1.16)	(3.18)
	Acturial Changes arising from changes in financial assumption		(0.81)	(0.16)
	Acturial Changes arising from changes in expirence assumption		(0.39)	(2.10)
	Present value of defined benefit obiligation at the end of the year		48.90	40.35
11	Change in fair value of plan assets during the year: Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year		_	_
	Contribution paid by the employer		(1.16)	(3.18)
	Benefit paid from the fund		1.16	3.18
	Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year		1.10	J. 10
	Tail value of plair assets at the end of the year.			
111	Net asset / (liability) recognised in the balance sheet:			
•••	Present Valur of defined benefit obiligation at the end of the year		48.90	40.35
	Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year		-	-
	Net asset / (liability) recognised in the balance sheet:		-	_
	Net asset / (liability) ~ Current		6.86	5.89
	Net asset / (liability) - Our Current		42.05	34.46
	Not asset (liability) Not out out on		12.00	
IV	Expenses recognized in the statement of profit and loss for the year:			•
• •	Current Service Cost		8.06	7.11
	Interest Cost on benefit obiligation (Net)		2.86	2.50
	Total expenses included in employee benefits exxpenses		10.92	9.61
v	Recognized in other comprehensive income for the year:			
V	Acturial Changes arising from changes in financial assumption		(0.81)	(0.16)
	Acturial Changes arising from changes in expirence assumption		(0.39)	(2.10)
	Recognized in other comprehensive income for the year:		(1.21)	(2.10)
	Neoognized in other comprehensive income for the year.		(1.21)	(2.20)



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

VI	Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation:		
	Within the next 12 months (next annual reporting period)	6.86	5.89
	Between 2 and 5 years	9.86	13.22
	Between 6 and 10 years	13.28	17.86
VII	Quantitative Sensitivity analysis for significant assumption is as below:		
1	1% point increase in discount rate	45.36	37.18
	1% point decrease in discount rate	53.26	44.03
	1% point increase rate of salary Increase	53.48	44.15
	1% point decrease rate of salary Increase	45.12	37.03
	1% point increase rate of employee turnover rate	49.22	40.44
	1% point decrease rate of employee turnover rate	48.75	40.22

2 Sensitivity Analysis Method:

Sensitivity Analysis is determined based on the expected movement in liability if the assumption were not proved to be true on different count.

		The state of the s		tuity
	Particulars :		2022-23 🗸 🗽 20	
į			Non Funded	Non Funded
VIII	Actuarial assumptions:			
1	Discount rate		7.40%	7.10%
2	Salary escalation		6.00%	6.00%
			Indian	Indian
			Assured Lives	Assured Lives
3	Mortality rate during employment		Mortality (2006	Mortality
	, , ,		08)	(2006-08)
			Indian	Indian
			Assured Lives	Assured Lives
4	Mortality post retirement rate		Mortality (2006-	Mortality
			08)	(2006-08)
5	Rate of Employee Turnover		1% to 8%	1% to 8%

Notes:

(i) The actuarial valuation of the defined obligation were carried out at 31st March, 2023. The present value of the defined benefit obligation and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the projected Unit Credit Method.

(ii) Risk Exposure

Through its defined benefit plans, the Company is exposed to some risks, the most significant of which are detailed below:

Interest rate risk:

The defined benefit obligation calculated uses a discount rate based on government bonds. If bond yields fall, the defined benefit obligation will tend to increase.

Salary inflation risk:

Higher than expected increases in salary will increase the defined benefit obligation.

Demographic risk:

This is the risk of variability of results due to unsystematic nature of decrements that include mortality, withdrawal, disability and retirement. The effect of these decrements on the defined benefit obligation is not straight forward and depends upon the combination of salary increase, discount rate and vesting criteria. It is important not to overstate withdrawals because in the financial analysis the retirement benefit of a short career employee typically costs less per year as compared to a long service employee.



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise of loans and borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, and cash and short-term deposits that derive directly from its operations. The Company also enters into derivative contracts.

The Company is exposed to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Interest rate risk
- Currency risk
- Price risk

The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the company's risk management framework. This note presents information about the risks associated with its financial instruments, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Company's management of capital.

Credit Risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk as a result of the risk of counterparties non performance or default on their obligations. The Company's exposure to credit risk primarily relates to investments in fixed deposits with banks, accounts receivable and cash and cash equivalents. The Company monitors and limits its exposure to credit risk on a continuous basis. The Company's credit risk associated with accounts receivable is primarily related to party not able to settle their obloigation as agreed. To manage this the Company periodically reviews the finantial reliability of its customers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivables.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables represent the most significant exposure to credit risk and are stated after an allowance for impairment and expected credit loss.

Bank, Cash and cash equivalents

Bank, Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and deposits which are readily convertible to cash. These are subject to insignificant risk of change in value or credit risk.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

		₹ in Lacs
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Trade receivables	266.48	142.36
Bank, Cash and cash equivalents	535.30	1,567.07
Impairment losses		
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Trade receivables (measured under life time excepted credit loss model)		
Opening balance	-	-
Provided during the year		<u> </u>
Closing balance		•
Ageing analysis		
,	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Upto 3 months	213.63	142.36
3-6 months	-	-
More than 6 months	52.85	
	266.48	142.36

No significant changes in estimation techniques or assumptions were made during the reporting period



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Liquidity risk

The Company is exposed to liquidity risk related to its ability to fund its obligations as they become due. The Company monitors and manages its liquidity risk to ensure access to sufficient funds to meet operational and financial requirements. The Company has access to credit facilities and debt capital markets and monitors cash balances daily. In relation to the Company's liquidity risk, the Company's policy is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions as they fall due while minimizing finance costs, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

Financing arrangements

The Company has access to following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting period:		Λ.	₹ in Lacs
	31-Mar-23		31-Mar-22
Working capital facilities from banks			763.78

Maturities of financial liabilities

The contractual undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities are as follows:

As at 31 March 2023	Less than 1 year	<1-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Borrowings	1,031.79	22.07	-	1,053.86
Trade payables	590.02	-	-	590.02
Other financial liabilities	63.87	-	-	63.87
	1,685.68	22.07	-	1,707.75
As at 31 March 2022	Less than 1 year	<1-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Borrowings	286.39	31.50	-	317.90
Trade payables	1,639.35	-	-	1,639.35
	-			
Other financial liabilities	64.22	-	•	64.22

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that an upward movement in the interest rate would adversley effect the borrowing cost of the company. The Company is exposed to long term and short-term borrowings, Commercial Paper Program. The Company manages interest rate risk by monitoring its mix of fixed and floating rate instruments, and taking action as necessary to maintain an appropriate balance.

The exposure of the Company's borrowings to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

a) Interest rate risk exposure	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Variable rate borrowings	1,007.97	236.22
Fixed rate borrowings	45.89	81.67

b) Sensitivity analysis

Profit or loss estimate to higher/lower interest rate expense from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates.

	Impact on pro	Impact on profit after tax		
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22		
Interest rates - increase by 70 basis points	(7.06)	(1.65)		
Interest rates - decrease by 70 basis points	7.06	1.65		

FOREX EXPOSURE RISK

The Company operates internationally and portion of the business is transacted in several currencies and consequently the Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk through purchases from overseas suppliers in various foreign currencies.

Foreign currency exchange rate exposure is partly balanced by hedging of exposure by forward contract of purchasing of goods in the respective currencies.

The Company evaluates exchange rate exposure arising from foreign currency transactions and the Company follows established risk management policies to foreign currency risk.

			Currency	in Lacs
PARTICULARS	Currency		31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Receivable	USD	SINGHANIA COLOR RAIGURA AGOSTA	0.64	(

0.61

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Profit or loss estimate to higher/lower as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates-

₹ in Lacs

		\ III E000
	Impact on profit after tax	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Foreign exchange rates - increase by 1%	0.37	0.35
Foreign exchange rates - decrease by 1%	(0.37)	(0.35)

33. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's main objectives when managing capital are to:

- ensure sufficient liquidity is available (either through cash and cash equivalents, investments or committed credit facilities) to meet the needs of the business;
- · ensure compliance with covenants related to its credit facilities; and
- · minimize finance costs while taking into consideration current and future industry, market and economic risks and conditions.
- · safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern
- · to maintain an efficient mix of debt and equity funding thus achieving an optimal capital structure and cost of capital.

The Board of Directors has the primary responsibility to maintain a strong capital base and reduce the cost of capital through prudent management of deployed funds and leveraging opportunities in domestic and international financial markets so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

For the purpose of Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital and all other equity reserves. The Company manages its capital structure in light of changes in the economic and regulatory environment and the requirements of the financial covenants.

The Company manages its capital on the basis of net debt to equity ratio which is net debt (total borrowings net of cash and cash equivalents) divided by total equity

Total dabi	31 March 2023 1,053,86	31 March 2022 317.90
Total debt Less : Bank, Cash and cash equivalent Net debt	535.30 518.56	1,567.07 -1,249.18
Total equity Net debt to equity ratio	15,903.77 0.03	15,943.25 - 0.08

During the year the company has complied with major covenants of the terms of sanction of the loan facilities throughout the year.



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - ACCOUNTING CLASSIFICATIONS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- Fair value of cash and short-term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from banks and other financial institutions approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.
- 2. Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counter party. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for the expected losses of these receivables.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation techniquie:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted)prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a ignificant effect on the recorded fair valueare observable, either directly of indirectly

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data

	Carrying amount			₹ in Lacs
	As at 31.03.2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets at amortised cost:			•	
Trade receivables	266.48	-	-	**
Other financial assets	277.41			
Bank, Cash and bank balances	535.30		_	_
	1079.19		-	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehens	ive income:			
Investments	9825.94	6984.17	2841.78	
Total	9825.94	6984.17	2841.78	-
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:				
Long term borrowings	22.07	-	-	-
Short term borrowings	1031.79	-	-	-
Trade payables	590.02	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	6,86	-	-	
Total	1650.73	-	-	
	Carrying amount			₹ in Lacs
				CIII Lacs
	As at 31.03.2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets at amortised cost:		Level 1	Level 2	
Financial assets at amortised cost: Trade receivables		Level 1	Level 2	
	As at 31.03.2022	Level 1	Level 2 -	
Trade receivables	As at 31.03.2022 142.36	Level 1 - -	Level 2 - -	
Trade receivables Other financial assets	As at 31.03.2022 142.36 98.20	-	-	
Trade receivables Other financial assets	As at 31.03.2022 142.36 98.20 1567.07 1807.63	-	-	
Trade receivables Other financial assets Bank, Cash and bank balances	As at 31.03.2022 142.36 98.20 1567.07 1807.63	-	-	
Trade receivables Other financial assets Bank, Cash and bank balances Financial assets at fair value through other comprehens	As at 31.03.2022 142.36 98.20 1567.07 1807.63 ive Income:	- - -	-	
Trade receivables Other financial assets Bank, Cash and bank balances Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensions	As at 31.03.2022 142.36 98.20 1567.07 1807.63 ve Income: 10016.14	- - - 7866.91	2149.23	
Trade receivables Other financial assets Bank, Cash and bank balances Financial assets at fair value through other comprehension investments Total	As at 31.03.2022 142.36 98.20 1567.07 1807.63 ve Income: 10016.14	- - - 7866.91	2149.23	
Trade receivables Other financial assets Bank, Cash and bank balances Financial assets at fair value through other comprehension investments Total Financial liabilities at amortised cost:	As at 31.03.2022 142.36 98.20 1567.07 1807.63 ve Income: 10016.14 10016.14	- - - 7866.91	2149.23	
Trade receivables Other financial assets Bank, Cash and bank balances Financial assets at fair value through other comprehension investments Total Financial liabilities at amortised cost: Long term borrowings	As at 31.03.2022 142.36 98.20 1567.07 1807.63 ve Income: 10016.14 10016.14	- - - 7866.91	2149.23	
Trade receivables Other financial assets Bank, Cash and bank balances Financial assets at fair value through other comprehension investments Total Financial liabilities at amortised cost: Long term borrowings Short term borrowings	As at 31.03.2022 142.36 98.20 1567.07 1807.63 ive Income: 10016.14 10016.14 31.50 286.39	- - - 7866.91	2149.23	

During the reporting period ending 31st March, 2023 and 31st March, 2022, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

38. The Company has identified the amount due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises under The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act) as at 31st March, 2023.

Particlars -		(₹ In	lacs)
Fai			2021-22
i)	The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at 31st March,2023		
	Principal Amount	3.88	3.88
	Interest	0.00	0.00
ii)	The amount of interest paid by the Company along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day for the year ending 31st March,2023	0.00	0.00
iii)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (beyond the appointed day during the year)	0.00	0.00
iv)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid for the year ending 31st March,2023	0.00	0.00
v)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable for the earlier years.	0.00	0.00

Note: The company has not provided any interest on the amount payable to one of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as there is a quality dispute with the party.

39. Corporate Social Responsibility:-

During the year the company has incurred ₹ 26.00 lacs on account of Corporate Social Responsibility Activities. According to provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the company is required to spent ₹ 25.53 lacs (net off excess spent amount in previous year ₹ 8.64 lacs) based on the average net profits/loss of the previous three years. The break-up of amount spent during the year are as follows:

Particulars	In Cash	Yet to be Paid in Cash	Total
- Construction/acquisition of any assets		-	-
- On Purpose other than above	26.00	-	26.00

There was no shortfall in the amount of CSR expenditure required to be spent either in current year or in earlier years. Further all the expenditure on CSR activities has been spent by the company either on its own account or by way of contribution to implementing agencies through institutions, being related parties ₹ 26 lacs.



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Financial Ratios						
Particulats	Numerator	Denominator	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022	% Variance	
Current Ratio The current ratio indicates a company's overall liquidity position. It is widely used by banks in making decisions regarding the advancing of working capital credit to their clients.	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	2.64	2.93	-9.79	
Debt-Equity Ratio Debt-to-equity ratio compares a Company's total debt to shareholders equity. Both of these numbers can be found in a Company's balance sheet.	Total Debt	Total Shareholders' Equity	0.07	0.02	232.33	
Debt Service Coverage Ratio Debt Service coverage ratio is used to analyse the firm's ability to pay-off current interest and instalments.	Net Profit after taxes + depreciation and amortizations + Interest - profit on sale of PPE & investments etc.	Interest + Principal Repayments	0.71	15.20	-95.32	
4. Return on Equity Ratio It measures the profitability of equity funds invested in the Company. The ratio reveals how profitability of the equity- holders' funds have been utilized by the Company. It also measures the percentage return generated to equity- holders.	Net Profits after taxes	Average Shareholders' Equity	0.52%	19.21%	-97.31	
5. Inventory turnover ratio This ratio also known as stock turnover ratio and it establishes the relationship between the cost of goods sold during the period or sales during the period and average inventory held during the period. It measures the efficiency with which a Company utilizes or manages its inventory.	Sales	Average Inventory	9.25	10.82	-14.50	
Trade Receivables turnover ratio It measures the efficiency at which the company is managing the receivables.	Net Credit Sales	Avearge Trade Receivables	33.81	37.45	-9.71	
7. Trade payables turnover ratio It indicates the number of times sundry creditors have been paid during a period. It is calculated to judge the requirements of cash for paying sundry creditors. It is calculated by dividing the net credit purchases by average creditors.	Net credit purchases	Average Trade payables	3.98	4.70	-15.42	
Net capital turnover ratio It indicates a company's effectiveness in using its working capital.	Net Sales	Working Capital	1.90	2.68	-29.09	
Net profit ratio It measures the relationship between net profit and sales of the business.	Net Profit	Net Sales	1.19%	17.66%	-93,25	
10. Return on Capital employed Return on capital employed indicates the ability of a company's management to generate returns for both the debt holders and the equity holders. Higher the ratio, more efficiently is the capital being employed by the company to generate returns.	Earning before interest and taxes	Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liabilities	1.19% SINGH COLCAIFFING RAIPLE CHHATTI	19.05% ANA & CO. 492001	-93.73	

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Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

Particulats	Numerator	Denominator	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022	% Variance
11. Return on investment Return on investment (ROI) is a financial ratio used to calculate the benefit an investor will receive in relation to their investment cost. The higher the ratio, the greater the benefit earned. The one of widely used method is Time Weighted Rate of Return (TWRR) and the same should be followed to calculate ROI. It adjusts the return for the timing of investment cash flows and its formula / method of calculation is commonly available.	Income generated from investments - Quoted - Unquoted	Time weighted average investments	-7.36% 32%	59.27% 34%	-112.42 -4.59

Note: Reasons for variance for more than or less than 25%

- i. Variance in debt equity ratio is mainly on account of increase in short term borrowings during the year and decrease in debt service coverage ratio is om account of repayment of borrowings.
- ii. Variance in Return on equity, net profit ratio and return on capital employed was mainly on account of decrease in profit during the year as compared to preceding financial year.
- iii. Variance in Net capital turnover ratio is on account of decrease in sales as compared to preceding financial year.
- iv. Variance in Return on investment depends upon change in market value of investment and dividend received by the company.

1. Ta	x expense	2022-23	2021-22
i) 7	Tax expense recognised in statement of profit or loss		
a)	Current tax	•	
	Income Tax for the period	4.56	781.11
		4.56	781.11
b)	Deferred tax		
•	Origination of temporary differences	33.95	80.19
		33.95	80.19
То	tal Tax expense	<u>38.51</u>	<u>861.30</u>
in	Tax recognised in Other Comprehensive Income		
,	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	0.30	0.57
	Fair value of financial assets	69.65	749.80
	, 200 -	69.95	750.37
1111	Reconciliation of tax expense and accounting profit		
1111	Accounting profit before tax from continuing operations	120.90	3,238.80
	Expected Tax Rate	25.17%	25.17%
	Tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	30.43	815.14
	Expense not allowed for tax purpose	6.54	3.28
	Other temporary differences	1.54	42.88
	Effective income tax rate	31.86	26.59
	Income tax reported in the statement of profit and loss	38.51	861.30

- **42.** The company has not undertaken any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act 1956 during the current year or in previous year.
- **43.** None of the banks, financial institutions or other lenders from whom the company has borrowed funds has declared the company as a wilful defaulter at any time during the current year or in previous year.

44. All the transactions are recorded in the books of accounts and there was no income that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Also there was no reviously unrecorded income and related assets which has been recorded in the books of account during the year.

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

- **45.** No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- 46. The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other persons or entities, including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries. Further, the company has not received any fund from any persons or entities, including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- 47. The company has complied with the number of layers of companies prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- 48. The company has neither traded nor invested in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- 49. No scheme of compromise or arrangement has been proposed between the company & its members or the company & its creditors under section 230 of the Companies Act 2013 ("The Act") and accordingly the disclosure as to whether the scheme of compromise or arrangement has been approved or not by the competent authority in terms of provisions of sections 230 to 237 of the Act is not applicable.
- 50. The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post employment benefits received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come in to effect has not been notified. The Company will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code becomes effective.
- 51. Details of satisfaction of charge pending beyond the statutory period :

Charge Holder Name	Date of creation	ROC	Amount (Rs. In Iacs)	Reason
Bajaj Finance Limited	20.10.2012	Chhattisgarh	23.50	Due to non-receipts of NOC from Financial Institution, the CHG-4 for Satisfaction of Charge is pending
Magma Leasing Limited	31.01.2004	Chhattisgarh	9.58	Due to non-receipts of NOC from Financial Institution, the CHG-4 for Satisfaction of Charge is pending

52. Previous year figures have been regrouped/rearranged wherever necessary.

For OPSinghania & Co.

(ICAI Firm Reg. No.002172C)

Chartered Accountants

SANJAY SINGHANIA

Partner

Membership No.076961

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Alok Ferro Alloys Limited

(VINAY ÁGRAWAL)

Director

DIN: 02618948

AJAY DUBEY)

Director DIN: 01073809

Place: Raipur Date: 08,05,2023

